

Attribute Release

Technical and Legal Issues

Contractual Matters

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Attribute Release

- Technical Issues
- Legal Issues
- CoC and other Solutions, supporting Measures

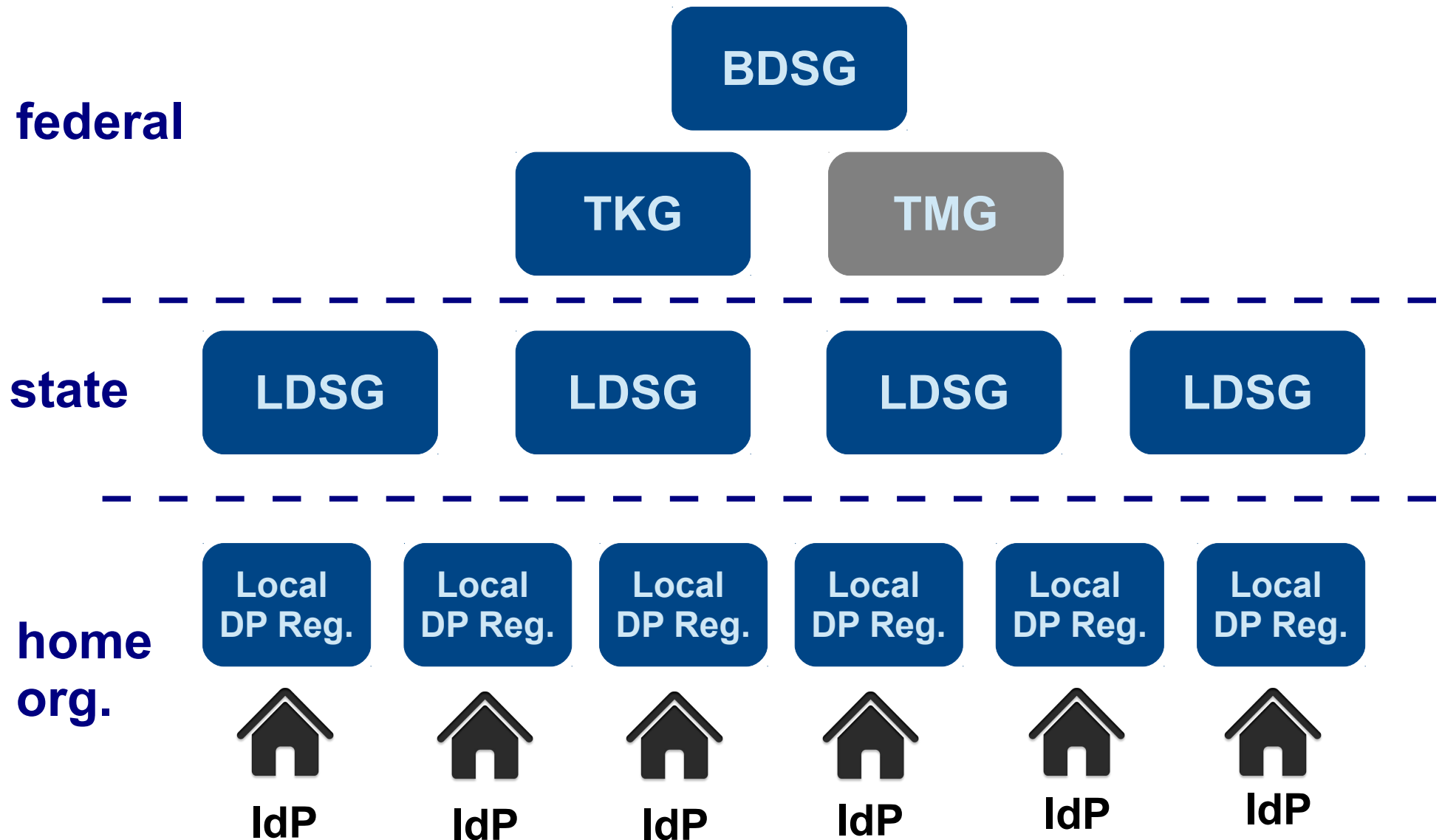
Contractual Matters

- AAI Contracts

The Standard Situation

- Operational IdP, running for a long time
 - 10.000+ users
 - One Attribute Filter Policy per SP
 - Configuration requires restart of servlet container (not necessarily, but quite often)
-
- ➔ **How to set up a new Attribute Filter Policy?**
 - ➔ **What happens if something goes wrong?**

Data Protection in Germany...



... is not that easy

- Complex hierarchy of laws and regulations
 - Different legal conditions depending on location of IdP (federal state and even Home Organization)
 - IdP operator has to consult the local DPO
- **IdP operators are reluctant to release personal data (in some cases, DPOs may be uncertain, too)**

Supporting Measures (by Fed Op)

- Improve & extend online documentation (Shibboleth IdP)
 - How to configure attribute filter as reloadable resource → server.xml
(no interaction with servlet container necessary)
 - More examples of Attribute Filter Policies
 - Usage of opaque identifiers
(eduPersonUniqueid [draft] vs. ePPN)
- Implementation of CoC with metadata registry (done)
- Promote CoC (scheduled for the next weeks with CLARIN)
- Promote / encourage implementation of user consent modules, esp. uApprove (comply with §4 BDSG)





Supporting Measures (by SP Op)


- Promote Services
 - The more popular a service becomes + the bigger the user community (like SSH), the more IdP Ops are willing to release personal data (e.g. to GigaMove)
- Implementation of CoC → next slides
- Facilitate attribute release technically by supporting a small and unified attribute profile, for instance the CoC profile or CLARIAH *Call for Action on Federated Identity*
- Declaration of required attributes in metadata

Code of Conduct for Service Providers (GÉANT Data Protection Code of Conduct for Service Providers in EU/EEA)

- SP declares conformance with EU Data Protection Directive both in a
 - human readable (PrivacyStatementURL) and
 - machine readable (Entity Category) way
- (almost) fixed maximum set of attributes, actually required attributes have to be documented in metadata
- Federation Op has to make sure that those requirements are met
- Ideally only one Attribute Filter Policy required to release attributes to a group of SPs

CoC Entity Category

Privacy Statement URL (English)	<input type="text" value="https://repos.ids-mannheim.de/privacy.html"/>	
Logo small (URL)	<input type="text"/>	
Logo big (URL)	<input type="text"/>	
Helpdesk (additions to Contacts - Support)	<input type="text" value="schonefeld@ids-mannheim.de"/>	

Entity Category	
<input type="text" value="http://www.geant.net/uri/dataprotection-code-of-conduct/v1"/>	
New Value	
<input type="text"/>	

(DFN-AAI metadata administration tool)

Does the Code of Conduct make sense?

- “Only” summarizes existing law / regulations
(BTW: DFN-AAI SP contract binds SP to German and EU DP law)
- But still helpful:
- Confidence-building measure: IdP operators are no lawyers – and CoC makes it clearly visible that SP really cares for data protection
- Technically effective way to release attributes via Entity Category-based Attribute Filter Policy
- CoC-compliant entities are monitored by eduGAIN and participating federations, e.g. if the Privacy Statement URL is being removed in the DFN-AAI metadata registry, the Entity Category is automatically being removed, too → no attribute release

AAI Contracts

Services for R&E Institutions

**Framework Agreement
("Rahmenvertrag")**



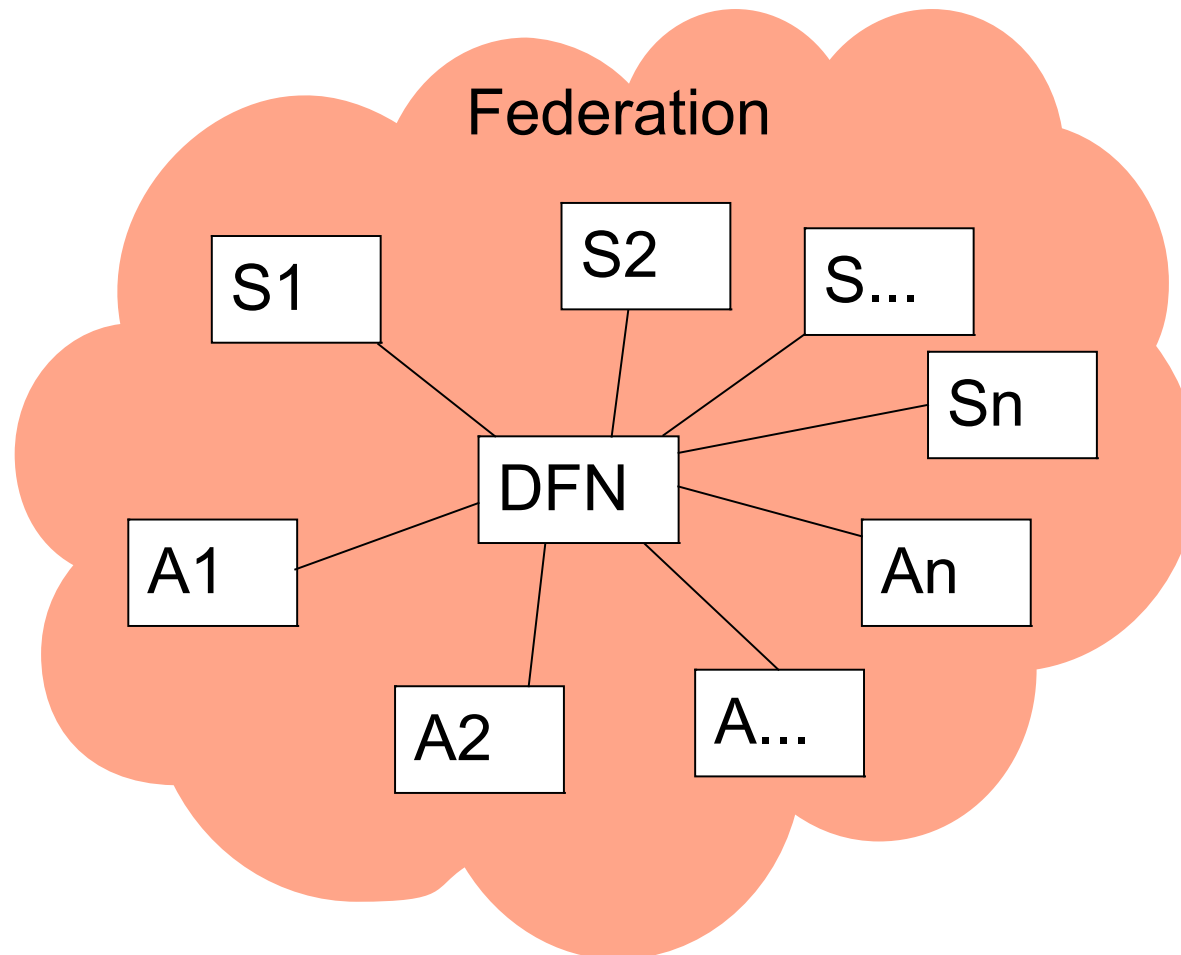
and more ...

**Service Agreements
("Dienstvereinbarungen")**

For users of DFN Internet, all other services are free.
Please note: AAI Service Providers are no "users"

- Contracting of providers and users
 - Operation of central technical services
 - Development of new features or applications
 - Organising international cooperation
 - User support
 - Provision of digital certificates (DFN-PKI)
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- BUT: DFN is NOT involved in licence agreements related to information /content providers.

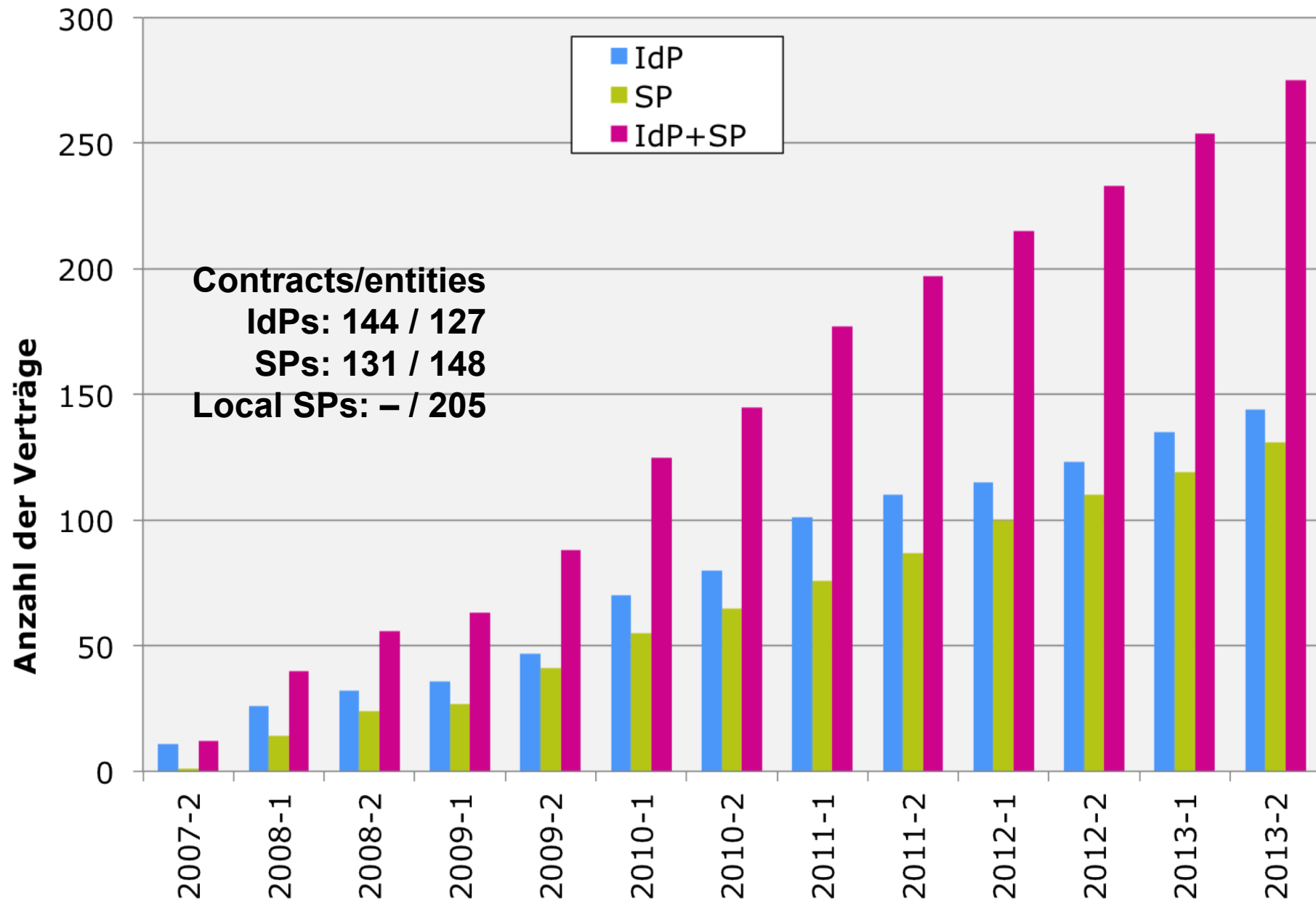
The DFN-association is the central contractual partner for all participants of DFN-AAI.



- The AAI-contract is an addition to other contracts between DFN and research institutions („just another piece of paper“).
- Subjects of IdP agreement:
 - acceptance of der DFN federation policy
 - acceptance of attribute schemes
 - commitment to meet the demands on IdM systems („Verlässlichkeitsklassen“)
 - commitment (of DFN) to operate central technical services (Discovery-Service, usw.)
 - legal issues e.g. liability, termination, place of jurisdiction
- 144 IdP agreements signed

- Modification of the SWITCHaai Federation Partner Agreement
- Subjects of SP agreement:
 - acceptance of German law
 - acceptance of der DFN federation policy
 - acceptance of European data privacy laws (for US-American companies: Safe-Harbour)
 - legal issues e.g. liability, termination, place of jurisdiction
- Free of charge
- 131 SP agreements signed

Development of AAI contracts



Thanks for your attention!

Questions? Comments?

Contact

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